

***Building a strong z/VM and  
Linux on the mainframe  
architecture***

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## Client context

- IT service provider for many government offices (125)
  - Already a mainframe shop
  - 5 z890 + 2 z800 + 1 G5 on the floor on 3 sites
  - 1 z9 EC dedicated to Linux on z/VM
  - 450+ physical servers (750+ logical) (HP, SUN, pSeries, ...)
- Orientations :
  - Promote the mainframe environment
  - z/VM is the prime choice for future projects
  - Server consolidation is a priority
  - This project is in line with the new « online government » policy

# Client context

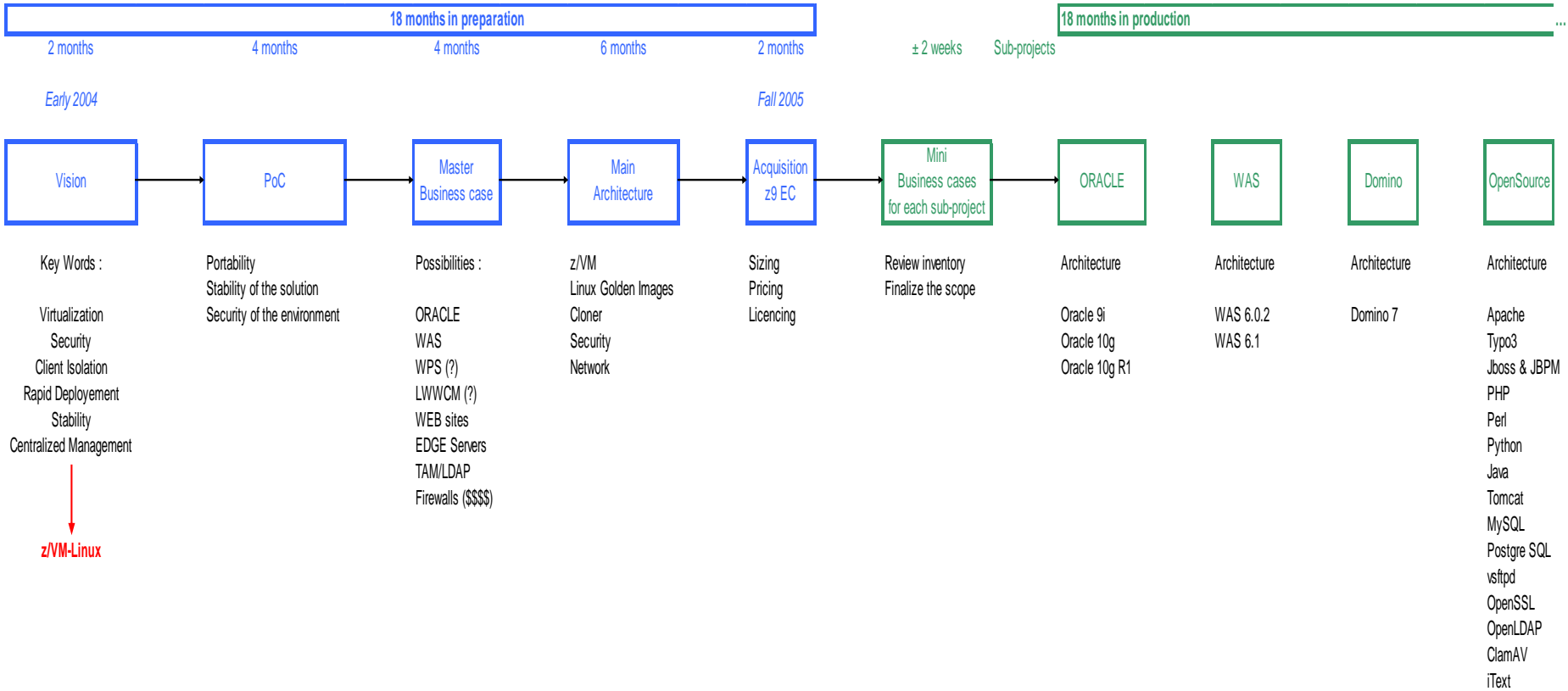
## Project origin

- Initial needs :
  - Must solve many issues with the intermediate platform
    - Many operation systems
    - Many versions
    - Unsupported software
    - Unsatisfactory DR
    - Fast growing (unprecedented growth)
  - Understaffed
  - Need a flexible solution with rapid deployment
- Mainframe is a stable and mature environment
  - Staff is available and at early stages of their careers
  - Solid and well controlled DR process (MVS-like)
- The conclusion : GO with z/VM



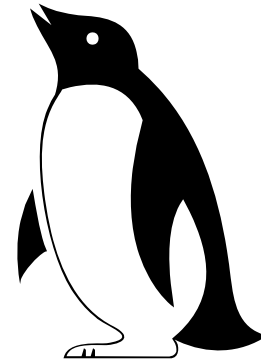
# Client context

## Timeline of the project origin



# Client context z/VM Linux Environment

- 1 z9 EC mainframe with 5 IFLs (~ 2750 mips) + 96GB
- 10 LPARs
  - Oracle/DB
  - WAS (2)
  - WAS Portal (2)
  - OpenSource
  - Domino (2)
  - Service Zone
  - Lab Zone
- 40+ internal networks
- Software
  - Novell SLES (versions 9 & 10)
  - z/VM v.5.3
  - Oracle/DB (versions 9i & 10g & 10gR1)
  - Velocity Software Performance Tools
  - CA products (Automation, Scheduler)



# Architecture

## Guaranteed isolation of multiple clients

- The environment serves the needs of over 125 clients, some large, some small.
- Clients must have their applications and data separated from each other.
- The challenge is how to do this in a centralized shared environment.
- System z hardware with z/VM leads the way!

**Client "A"**



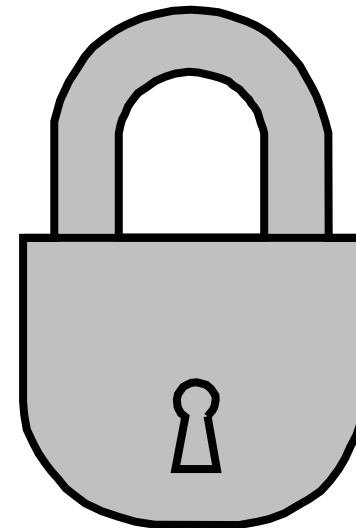
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**Client "B"**



## Architecture RACF Serves and Protects

- RACF ensures isolation as it provides security for these protected resources and events in z/VM:
  - Logon
  - Link
  - VSWITCH
  - VLAN
  - Shared File system
  - VM FTP





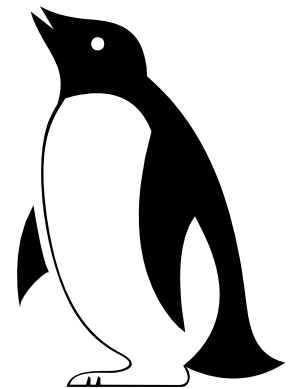
# Architecture

## We harden our Linux on the mainframe servers

- The Linux golden images are hardened, tested and certified by an independent team before allowing the image to be cloned.

### Hardening tasks:

- Removing unneeded login accounts
- Removing many supplied services such as FTP, Telnet, and NFS.
- Sifting through the startup `/etc/rc.d` tasks and removing unneeded tasks.
- Using PAM authentication with strong password practices.
- Using Tripwire to inventory software and for file anomaly detection.
- Ethical hacking done on a regular basis for penetration testing and cracking.
  - Certified by an independent team.



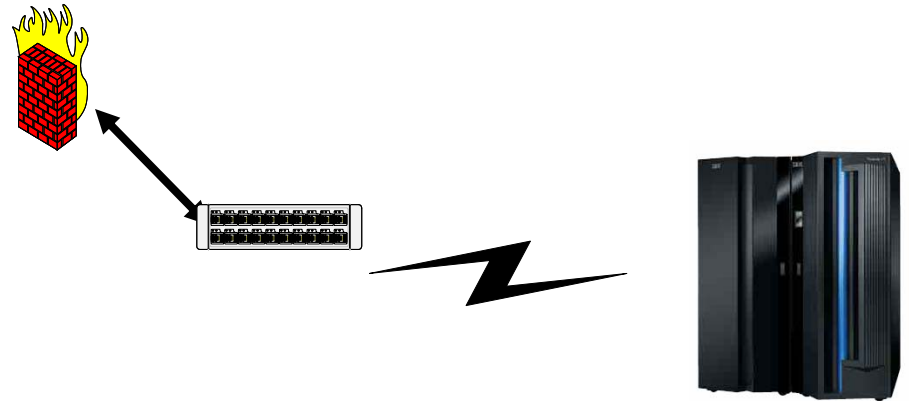
## Architecture Networks within the box

- A variety of choices for networks that keep the clients isolated
  - **OSA devices**
    - *Traditional connectivity from mainframe to physical switches*
  - **HiperSockets**
    - *Inter and Intra LPAR connectivity*
  - **Guest LANs**
    - *Connect virtual machines on virtual networks within an LPAR*
  - **VSWITCHes**
    - *Connect **guest LANs** to physical switches using **OSA devices***
    - *40+ VSWITCHes on 8 LPARs*

# Architecture

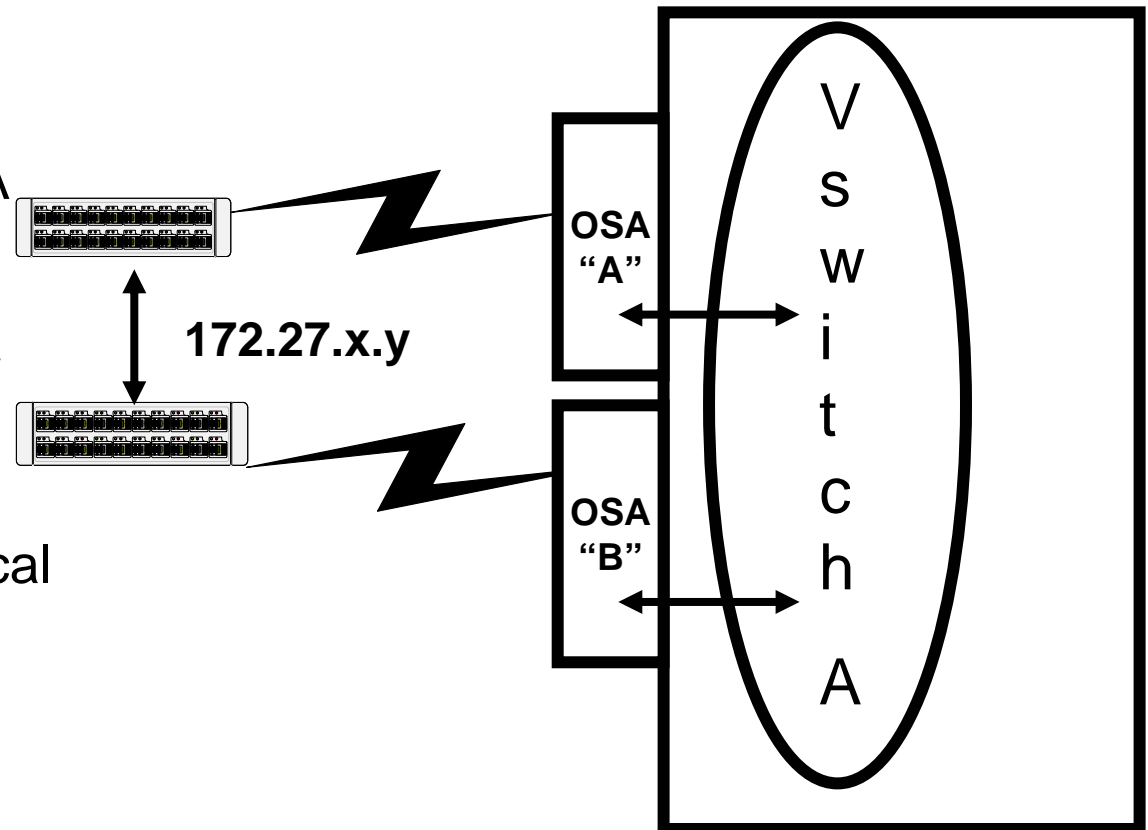
## Networking with the real world

- We use a lot of VSWITCH networks.
  - 40 ...
- VSWITCH connects to OSA port as conforms to the physical network topology.
- Redundancy provided only for production networks.
  - Handled within VSWITCH connecting to multiple unique OSA ports.
  - Does not require VIPA
- Some OSA ports shared across zones in multiple LPARs.
- Firewalling done downstream from the mainframe.



# Architecture Production Network Redundancy

- 7 of the networks (production) have redundancy with dual OSA ports.  
*All others networks (30+) do not have redundant networking*
- Managed by Vswitch.
- Connect to different physical switches.
- Switches are bridged.



# Best Practices



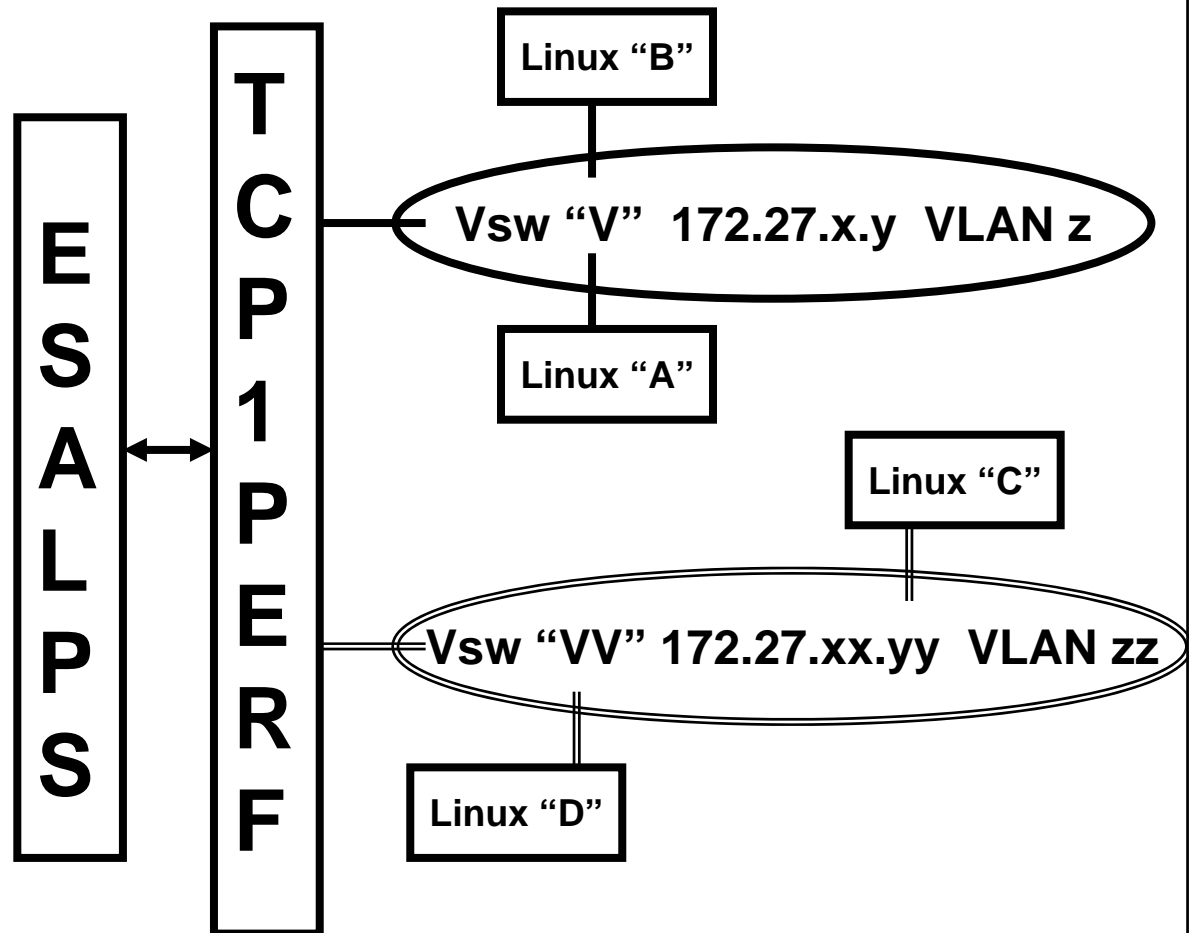
## Best practices

- In our project we planned to utilize best practices for systems and network management.
- Examples of in use best practices:
  - Networking:
    - Performance data collection using private VSWITCHes
    - Manage multiple networks from a single TCPMAINT
  - Systems:
    - Golden images (z/VM & Linux)
    - Cloning engine
    - Sharing resources the client way
    - Sharing resources the IBM way

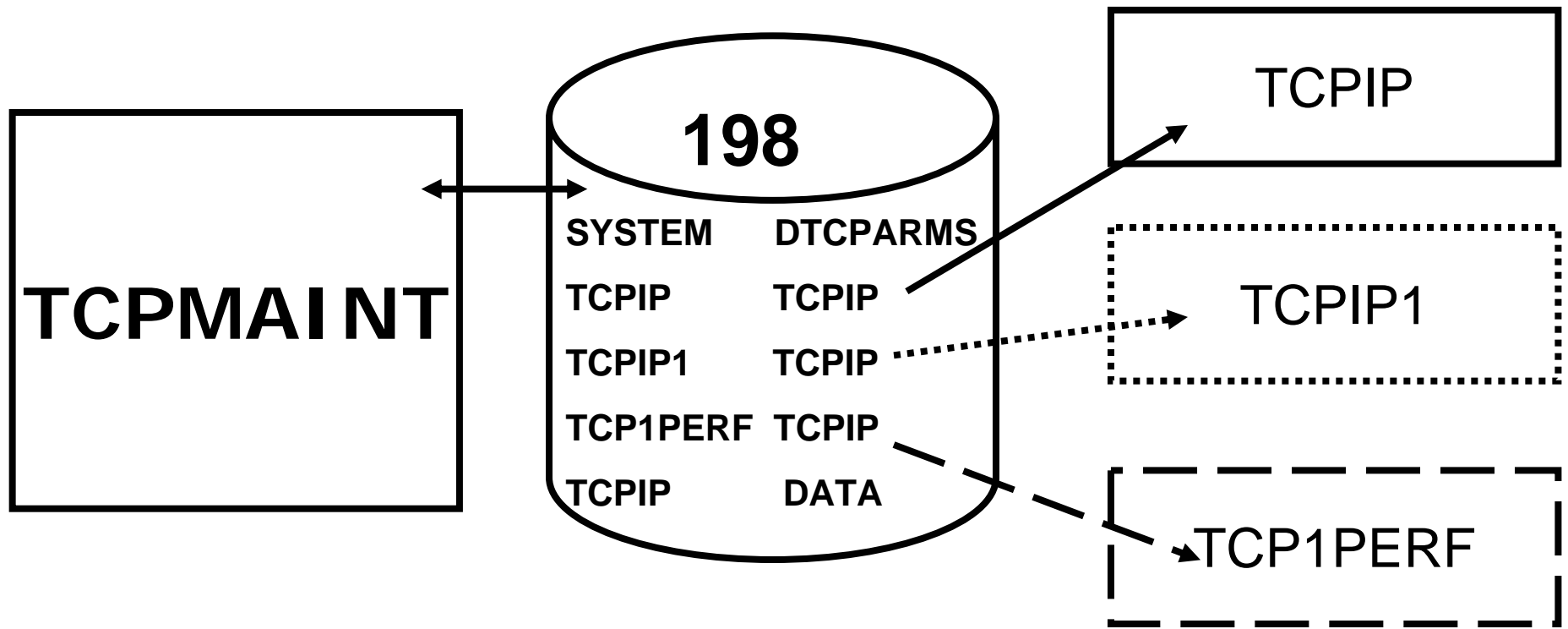
# Best Practices

## Performance data collection using private VSWITCHes

- A TCPIP stack with multiple guest LANs and VLANs collects data for the Velocity SNMP data collection.
- The VSWITCHes are defined without real devices.
- Membership in the VSWITCH and VLAN is RACF protected.

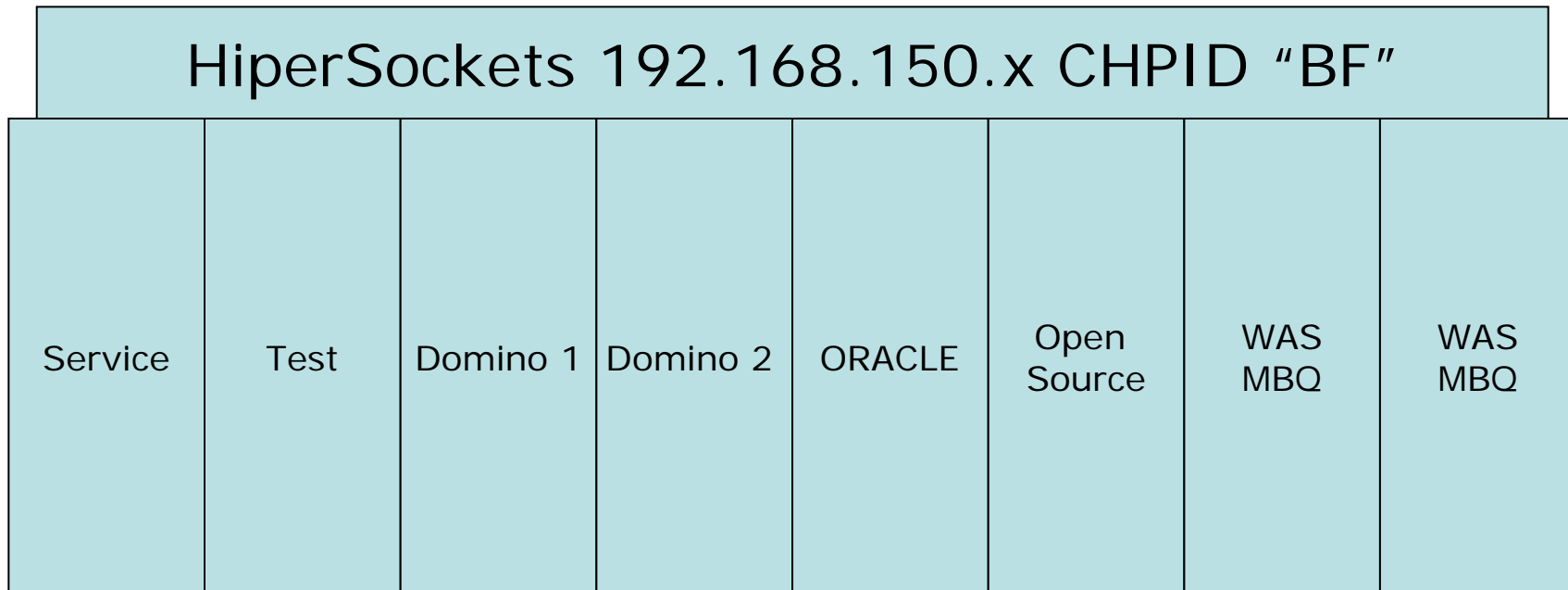


# Best Practices Administering multiple z/VM TCPIP machines from a single TCPMAINT





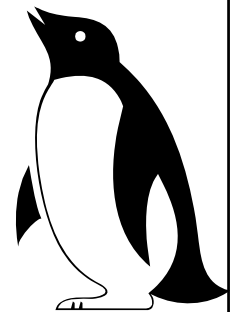
## Resource sharing HiperSockets network on the z9 EC



- Internal network only.
- Used for administrative purposes.
- Applications include the cloner, telnet, RSCS (file transfer and message queues).
- Secure memory-to-memory transfer.

## Best Practices Golden images : z/VM & Linux

- Our z/VM golden image:
  - z/VM 5.3.0
  - All production MDISKs on one volume per system
  - Serviced from one system
  - One flavor
- Our Linux on the mainframe golden images:
  - Novell SLES 9 or 10
  - Hardened
  - One application flavor (Oracle, WAS, Domino, MBQ ...)
  - Input to the cloner
- Both are rigorously tested and certified

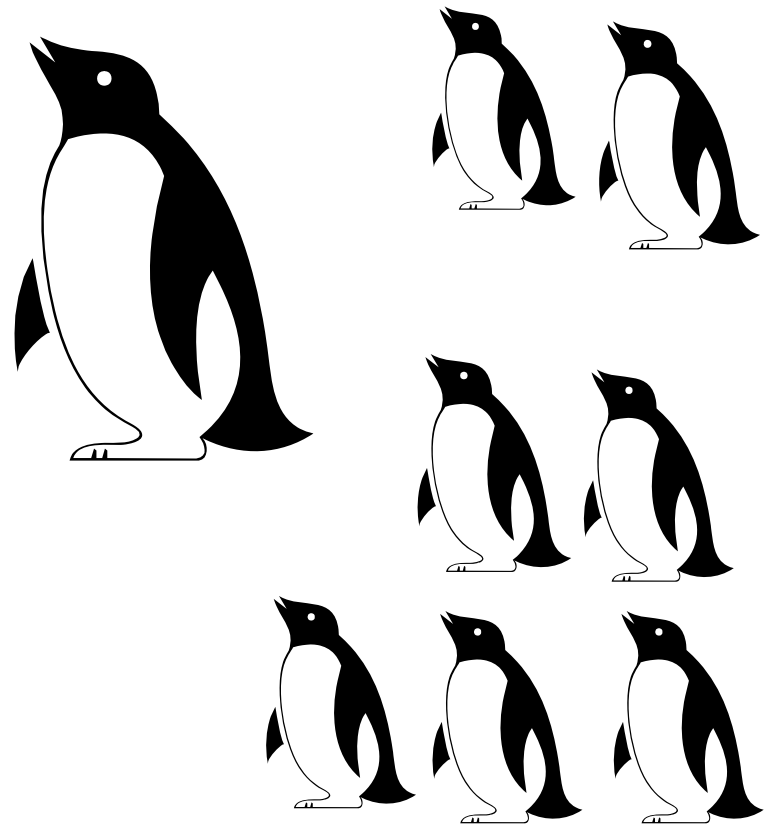


# Best Practices

## The Linux Golden Image

*“install once and clone often”*

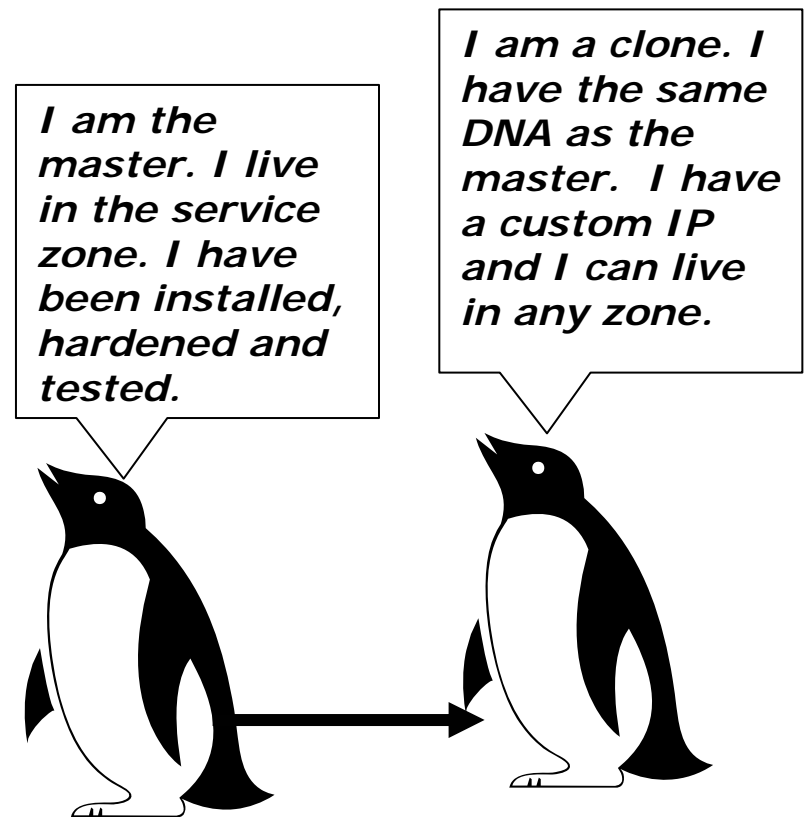
- The golden image is really black and white and waddles on ice but not until:
  - Installed
  - Serviced
  - Hardened
  - Tested by various groups
  - Passes security penetration tests and certification
- There are a few masters and many many clones!



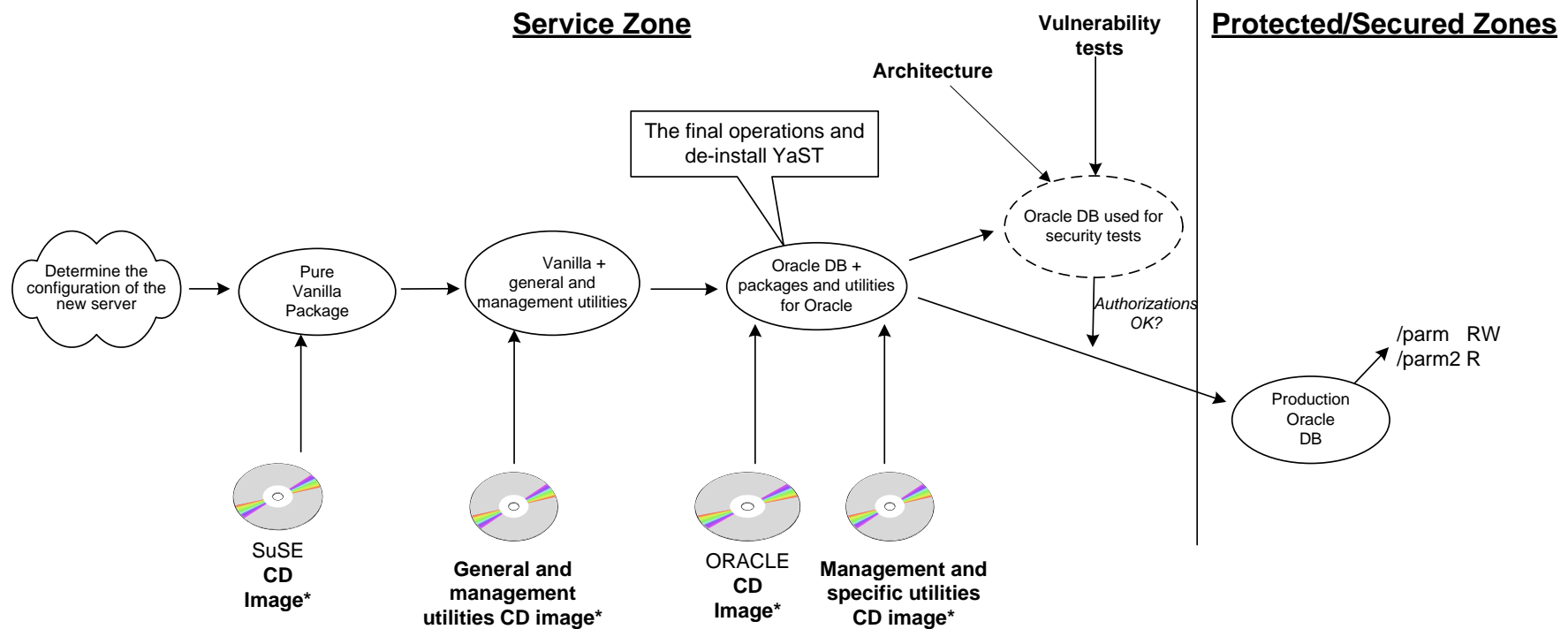
# Best Practice

## Our cloner : Overview

- Hand crafted
- Pride of ownership
- Not a disk copier
- Intelligent decisions:
  - Choice of Linux
  - Choice of application
  - System and application position
  - VSWITCH membership
  - VLAN membership
  - IP address
  - Data replicated
  - Strong passwords



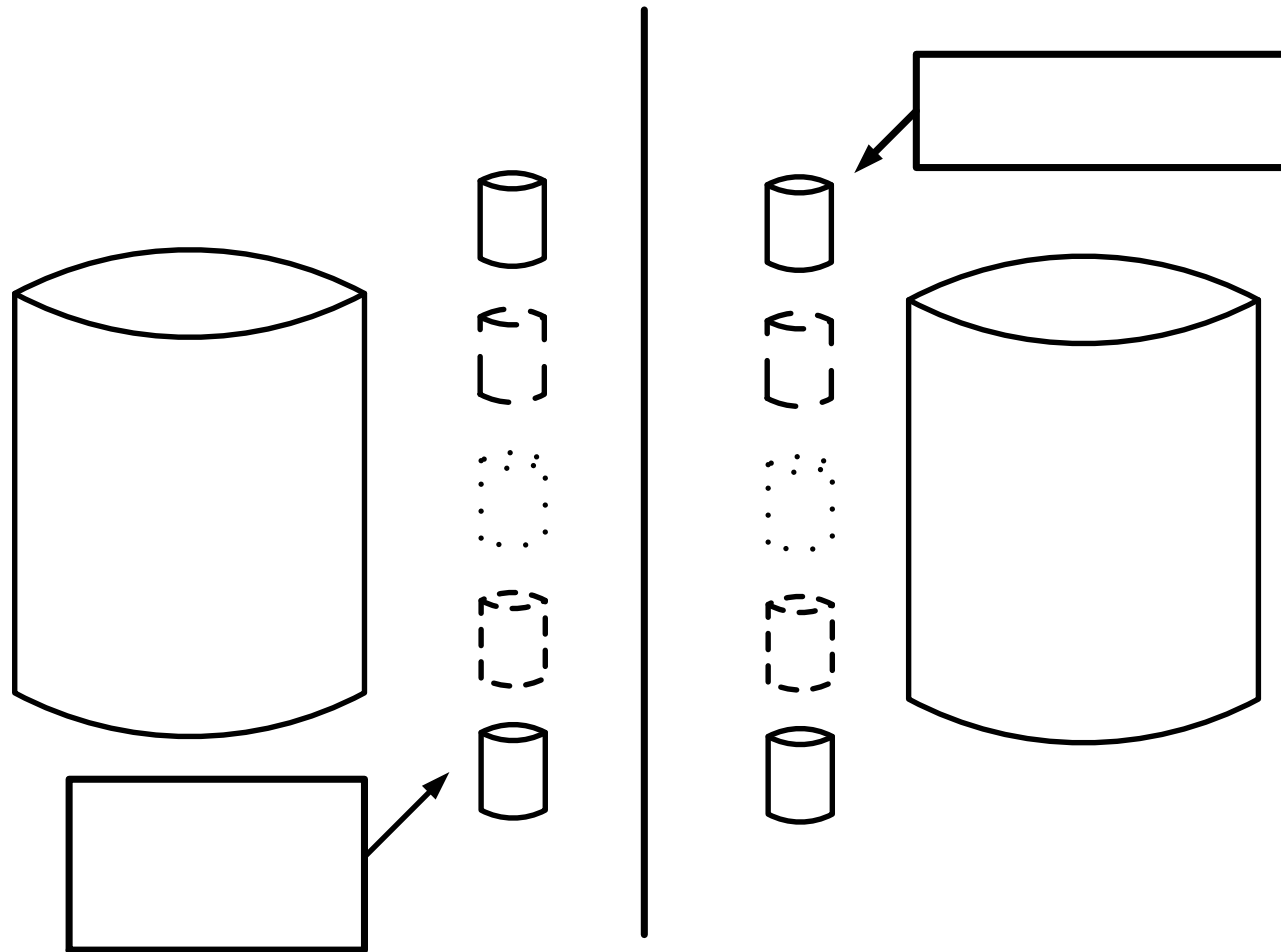
# Best Practices The cloner



\* : These images reside on a virtual Linux server in the service zone for access via FTP. This server contains software libraries.

# Best Practices

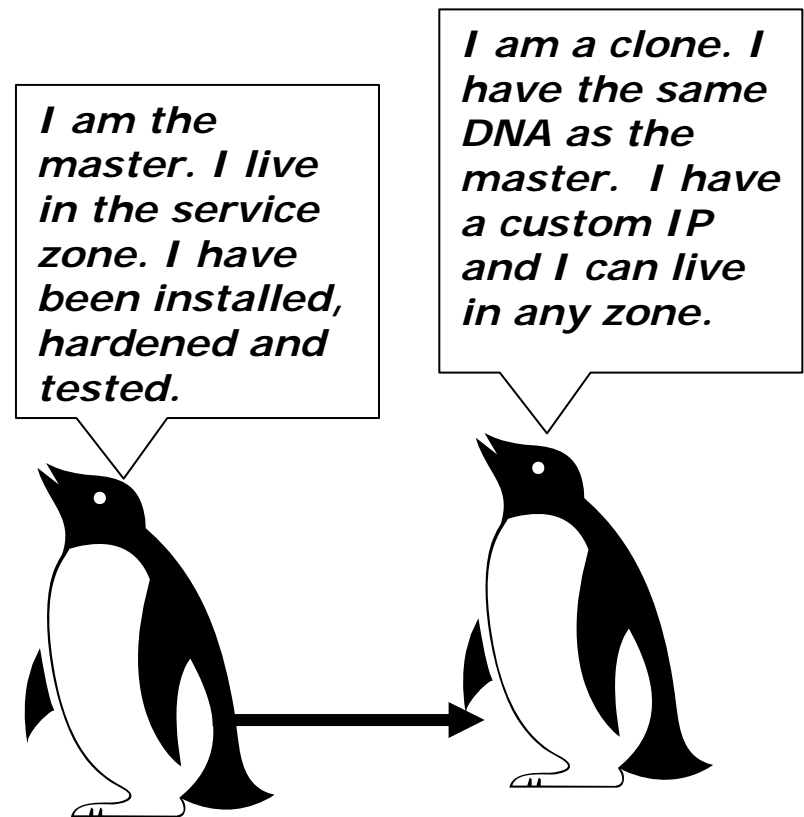
## The big picture of the cloning



# Best Practices

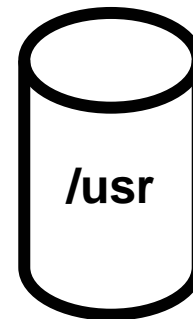
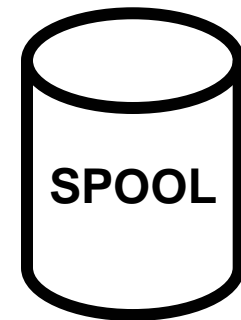
## Our cloner: Coding and interfaces

- Coded in REXX and PIPELINES.
- Interfaces to DIRMAINT and RACF.
- Inputs include which system, application, storage size, etc.
- Interfaces with 3270.
- Can clone only from service zone to any other zone.



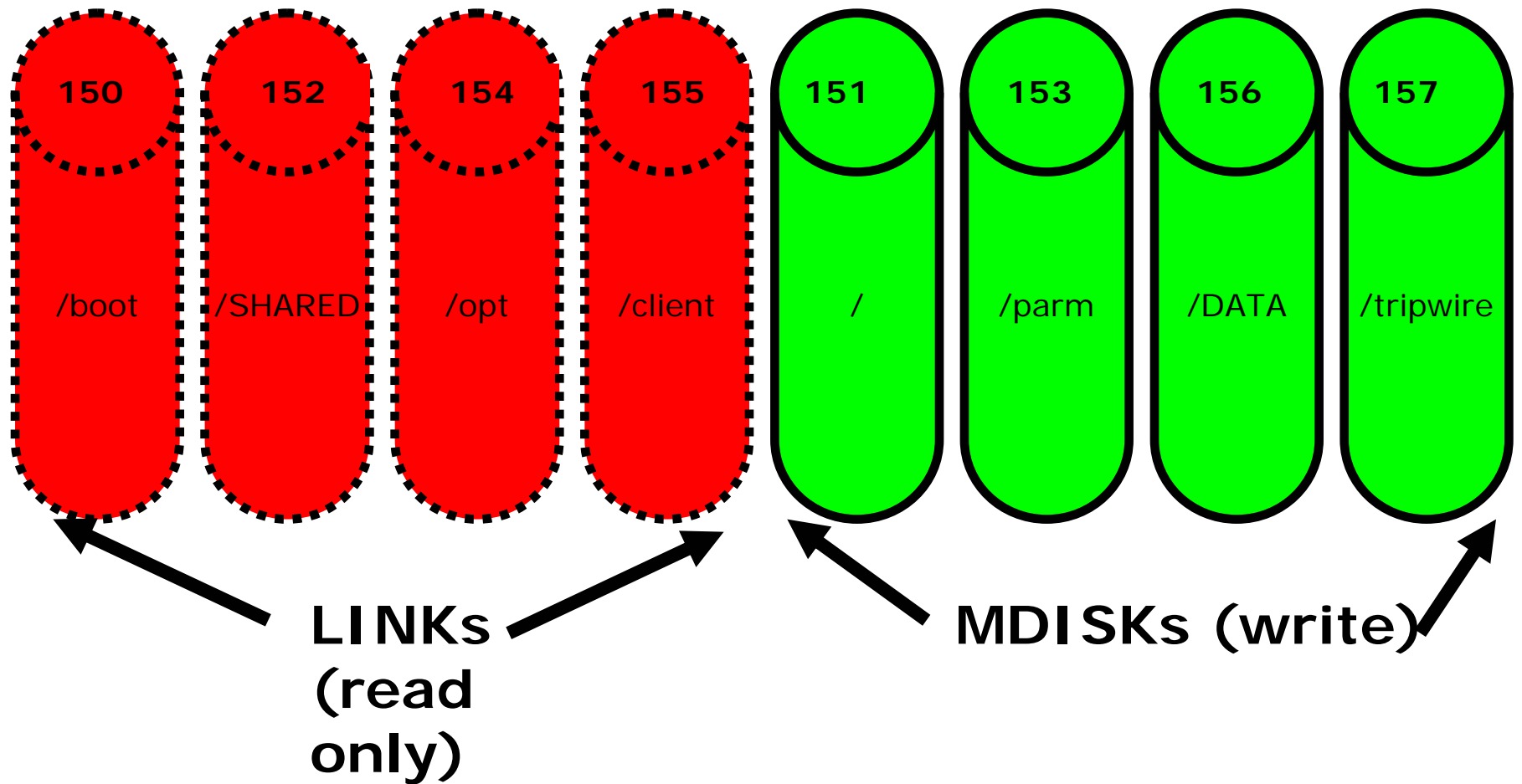
# Best Practices Resource sharing

- IBM way (old school – 35+ years)
  - CPU
  - Memory
  - Minidisk i/o
  - Spooling
- Also sharing:
  - Linux file systems ( /usr )
  - Heavy usage of VSWITCH
    - Lots of guest LANs
    - Many OSA ports

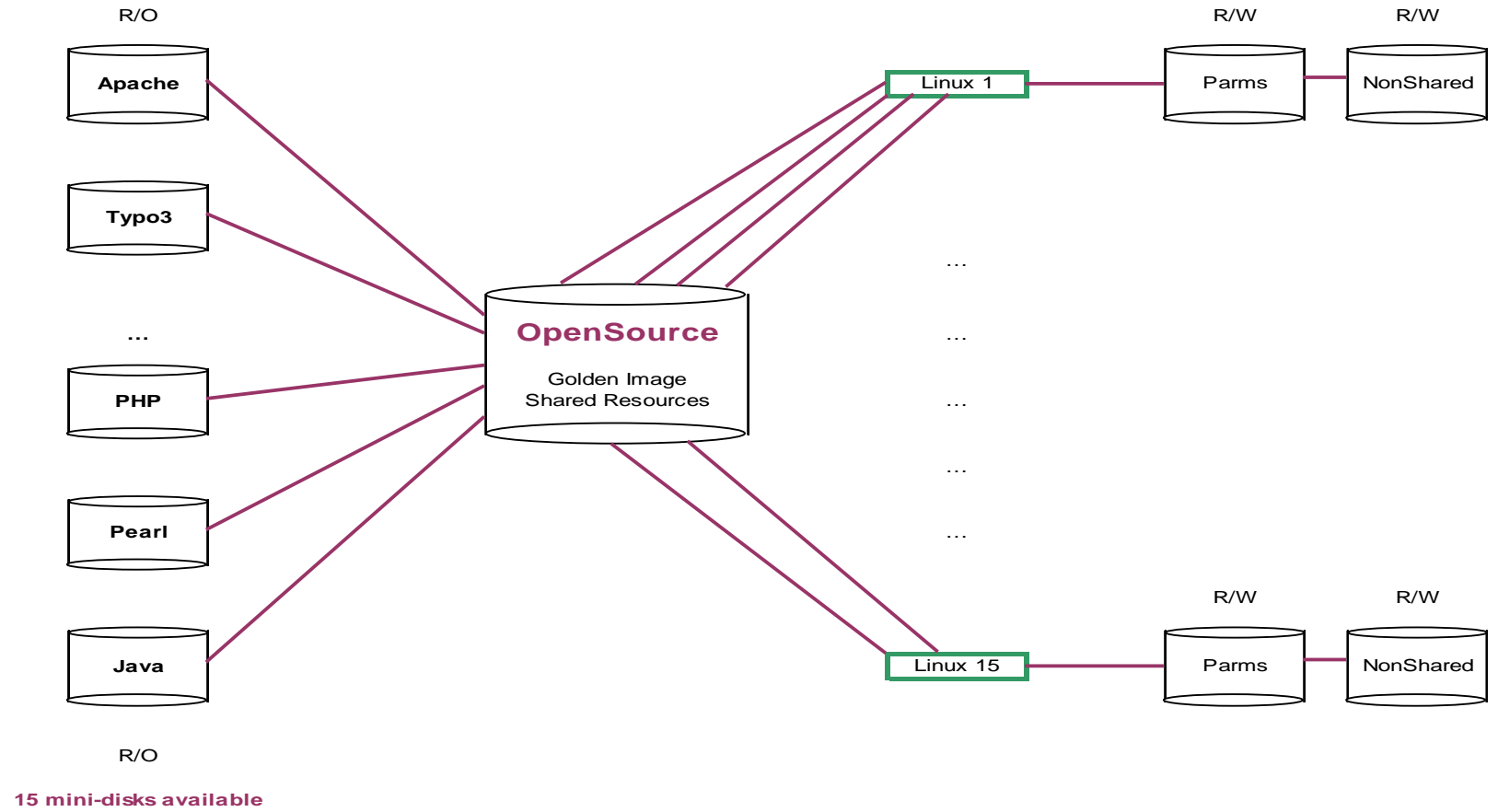




# Base Cloner links and minidisks



# Best Practice OpenSource initiatives



# Project Status

- Oracle Databases
- WAS Migration
- Domino Pilot
- OpenSource initiatives



# Project Status Oracle Databases

- Original migration almost complete (95% completed)
  - Close to 200 Oracle instances
  - Running within 150 virtual machines (Linux)
- Current projects
  - 1) Oracle upgrade from v.9i to v.10gR1
  - 2) Oracle upgrade from v.10g to v.10gR1
  - 3) Linux upgrade (Novell SLES 10 + maintenance)
  - 4) Second generation of the clones (Golden Image v.2)
  - 5) Data migration from Lightning to USP from HDS
- Because of the cloning engine and sharing strategy
  - Realization time = 4 months (Sept. To Dec.) vs. 12+ months using the old fashioned way (mid-range hardware without cloning)

# Project Status WAS Migration

- Migration project WAS, WMB & MQ to System z
  - Close to 90 instances of WAS
  - 12 WMB & MQ servers
- Current projects
  - 1) WAS upgrade from v.5 to v.6.0.2
  - 2) WMB upgrade from v.5 to v.6
  - 3) MQ upgrade from v.6 to v.6
  - 4) Second generation of the clones (Golden Image v.2)
  - 5) Platform change
- Because of the cloning engine and sharing strategy
  - Realization time = 4 months (Sept. To Dec.) vs. 12+ months using the old fashioned way (mid-range hardware without cloning)
- **Note** : We can do both projects (Oracle & WAS) in parallel !!!

## Project Status Domino Pilot

- Current project
  - Pilot for dozens of users
  - Domino Server v.7
  - Notes clients v.5, v.6.5 & v.7
  - Outlook clients (with DAMO)
- Go/No-Go decision in Sept. 2007
- Total migration of one Government department
  - About 1800 users
- If migration successful (by the end of 2007)
  - Development of a Government Offering
    - Reduction of 900 mail servers

# Project Status

## OpenSource initiatives

- Current projects
  - 1) Government Intranet
  - 2) WEB sites (15)
  - 3) JBoss project with a Government department
- The current offering (16)
  - HTTP server : Apache
  - File Transfer : VsFTPD
  - Languages: JAVA & PHP & Pearl & Python
  - Databases : MySQL & PostGreSQL
  - Content manager : Typo3
  - WAS-like : JBoss & JBPM & TomCat
  - Security : OpenSSL & OpenLDAP
  - Anti-Virus : ClamAV
  - PDF generator : iText
- More packages can be added on-demand within the OpenSource Golden Image (between 2 days and 2 weeks of effort including adjustments of the cloner)
- Customers waiting avidly for this offering

# Lessons learned

## Volume 1

- Acceptance of virtual servers quicker than expected.
  - Grew to 200 Oracle servers ahead of plan.
- Fully tasked personnel (big shoulders):
  - Confirmed our expectation that 2 Linux administrators can support all virtual Linux servers.
    - *100:1 ratio of Linux virtual machines to administrator*
  - 2 z/VM systems programmers supporting 10 LPARs: (could support many more)
    - *New to z/VM*
    - *Mentored by consultant*
    - *z/VM support integrated into MVS group (year end 2007)*
- Less than fully tasked personnel (arms and legs):
  - *Security administrator*
  - *Network programming*
  - *Storage*
  - *Automation*
  - *Performance*



## Lessons learned Volume 2

- Big win early win with successful disaster recovery.
- Administration and reporting on centralized servers is excellent.
- Lots of new documentation and procedures integral part of project.
- Lots of training required.

## Lessons learned Volume 3

- Critical mass of servers required – use more than 1 Linux virtual machine for benchmark, POCs, and business case!
- Initially, project was done for the \$ savings, now the important gains:
  - 1) The flexibility of the solution
  - 2) Disaster recovery
  - 3) \$ savings
- You must have a sponsor. Our sponsor was the operations directorate for the mainframe business interested in solving DR issues.

## Lessons learned Oracle Project

- Mostly business as usual for the DBAs:
  - Use SSH client or “X” windows (no 3270 usage)
  - DBAs comment on rapid performance of I/O
  - DB loading faster than in other platforms.
- Benign ignorance of the virtual machine
  - Linux administration performed by Linux sysadmin.
  - z/VM administration performed by VM sysprogs.
- Rapid creation of new databases in virtual machines for testing, acceptance, and production.
- Initial install was difficult but once incorporated into cloning methods subsequent installs quick and easy.
- Almost all client needs satisfied with ORACLE cloned image (they don't know).
  - ~ 2% require some sort of customizing.



# Conclusion

- z/VM and Linux on the mainframe: a powerful combination for applications hosting.
- Supported open source software on the mainframe provides the stability of z/VM with the ability to run modern applications.
- Service being offered to many government offices and agencies.
- The word is out that z/VM and Linux on the mainframe is a good place to host your applications:
  - Internal government emails and announcements from the project office promoting z/VM and Linux on the mainframe solution.
- Rapid growth is forecasted.

## Conclusion

- We're providing infrastructure to many offices and agencies.
- Building and nurturing business case critical to success of the project.
- The training was a vital part of the client acceptance of the concept.
- Architecture was developed and polished for over one year (on going activity).
- z/VM and Linux on the System z natural fit for the vertical and horizontal growth.
- Oracle project won the Share 2007 Award for Excellence in technology
- Project success will continue into the future!